





# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 11/30/18 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (7/29/2015)

- H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 – Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated
- H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H340 – May cause genetic defects
- H350 – May cause cancer

- Precautionary Statements:
- P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
  - P102 - Keep out of reach of children
  - P103 - Read label before use
  - P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking
  - P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
  - P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
  - P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
  - P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
  - P264 - Wash ... thoroughly after handling
  - P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
  
  - P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
  - P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F
  - P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation



Symbols/Pictograms:

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

#### Composition

| Chemical                        | Synonyms                | CAS Number | EINECS Number | Weight Percent | Hazard Category                           | H-Code                 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|---|------------------------|
| Acetone                         | Propanone               | 67-64-1    | 200-662-2     | 30-60%         | Flam. Liq. 2<br>Eye Irrit. 2<br>STOT SE 3 | H225,<br>H319,<br>H336 |
| Hydrocarbon Propellant          | LPG                     | 68476-86-8 | 270-705-8     | 10-30%         | Press. Gas<br>Flam. Gas 1                 | H220<br>H229           |
| Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates | Solvent Naphtha         | 64742-89-8 | 265-192-2     | 3-7%           | Carc. 1B<br>Muta. 1B<br>Asp. Tox. 1       | H350<br>H340<br>H304   |
| n-Methyl-2-Propanol Acetate     | 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl | 108-65-6   | 203-603-9     | 1-5%           | Flam. Liq. 3                              | H226                   |



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|                     |                 |          |           |      |   |                      |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|------|---|----------------------|
|                     | Acetate         |          |           |      |   |                      |
| n-Butyl Acetate     | n-Butyl Ester   | 123-86-4 | 204-658-1 | 1-5% | Flam. Liq. 3<br>STOT SE 3                 | H226<br>H336         |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | M.E.K.          | 78-93-3  | 201-159-0 | 1-5% | Flam. Liq. 2<br>Eye Irrit. 2<br>STOT SE 3 | H225<br>H319<br>H336 |
| Ethyl Acetate       | Ethyl Ethanoate | 141-78-6 | 205-500-4 | 1-5% | Flam. Liq. 2<br>Eye Irrit. 2<br>STOT SE 3 | H225<br>H319<br>H336 |

## Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

## 4.) First Aid Measures

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>General Advice:</b>                  | If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.  |
| <b>Inhalation First Aid:</b>            | Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.       |
| <b>Skin Contact First Aid:</b>          | Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.  |
| <b>Eye Contact First Aid:</b>           | If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention immediately.                                   |
| <b>Ingestion First Aid:</b>             | If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. |
| <b>Most Important Symptoms/Effects:</b> | Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.   |

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Flammable Properties:                                  | Aerosol   |
| Auto Ignition Temperature:                             | Not Available   |
| Suitable extinguishing media:                          | Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media:                        | None known  |
| Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: | None known  |
| Hazardous combustion products:                         | Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide   |
| Fire & Explosion Hazards:                              | Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure from extreme temperatures. |



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Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

- 1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
- 2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

### SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

- 1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
- 2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
- 3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
- 4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
- 5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

## 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.  
Do not use near sources of ignition.  
Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.  
Wash hands after use.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.  
Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).  
No known incompatibilities.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### Personal Protection:

Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

### Skin protection

Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.



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## Respiratory protection:

Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

| Hazardous Ingredient            | CAS Number | ACGIH TLV (TWA) | ACGIH TLV (STEL) | OSHA PEL (TWA) | OSHA PEL (STEL) |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Acetone                         | 67-64-1    | 500ppm          | 750ppm           | 1000ppm        | N/AV            |
| Hydrocarbon Propellant          | 68476-86-8 | N/AV            | N/AV             | N/AV           | N/AV            |
| Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates | 64742-89-8 | N/AV            | N/AV             | N/AV           | N/AV            |
| n-Methyl-2-Propanol Acetate     | 108-65-6   | N/AV            | N/AV             | N/AV           | N/AV            |
| n-Butyl Acetate                 | 123-86-4   | 150ppm          | 200ppm           | 150ppm         | N/AV            |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone             | 78-93-3    | 200ppm          | 300ppm           | 200ppm         | N/AV            |
| ethyl acetate                   | 141-78-6   | 400ppm          | N/AV             | 400ppm         | N/AV            |

\*Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH

## 9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Appearance: Clear                                | Odor: Ketone odor                             |
| Odor Threshold: N/AV                             | pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)             |
| Melting Point: N/AV                              | Freezing Point: N/AV                          |
| Initial Boiling Point: N/AV                      | Boiling Point Range: N/AV                     |
| Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)                      | Evaporation Rate: Faster than n-Butyl Acetate |
| Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable gas            | LEL: 1% UEL: 15%                              |
| Vapor Pressure: N/AV                             | Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air               |
| Relative Density: N/AV                           | Solubility: Negligible                        |
| Partition Coefficient:<br>n-octanol/ water: N/AV | Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV               |
| Decomposition Temperature: N/AV                  | Viscosity: N/AV                               |
| Explosive Properties: N/AV                       | Oxidizing Properties: N/AV                    |

## 10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions

Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources

Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents

Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

## 11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and



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nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: (Acetone) Acute oral LD50: 5800mg/kg(rat)  
(Acetone) LC50: 21000 ppm / 8 hr (rat)

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV

Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: Muta 1B

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP: N/AV  
IARC: IARC3:Classification not possible from current data  
OSHA: TLV-A4

\* Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

## 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: **No Data Available**  
Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available**  
Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**  
Mobility in soil: **No Data Available**  
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: **No Data Available**  
Other adverse effects: **No Data Available**

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or



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laws governing your location.

**Product / Packaging disposal:** Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

## 14. Transportation Information

### US DOT

| UN Number | Proper Shipping Name | Hazard Class | Packing Group  | Marine Pollutant | Special Provisions       |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| UN1950    | Aerosols             | 2.1          | Not Applicable | Not Applicable   | Reference 49 CFR 172.101 |

### IMDG

| UN Number | Proper Shipping Name | Hazard Class | Packing Group  | Marine Pollutant | Special Provisions         |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| UN1950    | Aerosols             | 2.1          | Not Applicable | Not Applicable   | Reference IMDG code part 3 |

### IATA:

| UN Number | Proper Shipping Name | Hazard Class | Packing Group  | Marine Pollutant | Special Provisions                        |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| UN1950    | Aerosols, Flammable  | 2.1          | Not Applicable | Not Applicable   | Reference IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation |

## 15. Regulatory Information

### Workplace classification:

This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.

### SARA Title 3:

Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.

**TSCA status:** All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

**WHMIS:** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

**PROP 65 (CA):** WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm – [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

## 16. Other Information



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This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision:

Supersedes: 9/17/2014

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.



\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*\*\*

Manufacturer: E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.  
Dupont Performance Coatings  
Wilmington, DE, 19898

Telephone: Product Information: (800) 441-7515  
Medical Emergency: (800) 441-3637  
Transportation Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

PRODUCT NAME: ANSI 61 GRAY 42-IMRON 3.5 HG

PRODUCT CODE: 42P-1072

Chemical Family: No Information Available

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\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients \*\*\*\*\*

| CAS #      | Ingredient         | Concentration/<br>Range (%) | Exposure Limits**  |
|------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 110-43-0   | METHYL AMYL KETONE | 5- 15                       | A 50.0 ppm<br>O 100.0 ppm  |
| 70942-12-0 | ACRYLIC POLYMER    | 16- 26                      | A None<br>O None   |
| 1333-86-4  | CARBON BLACK       | 0.2                         | A 3.5 mg/m3<br>O 3.5 mg/m3<br>D 0.5 mg/m3<br>8 & 12 hour TWA   |
| 13463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE   | 16- 26                      | A 10.0 mg/m3<br>O 15.0 mg/m3<br>Total Dust<br>D 10.0 mg/m3<br>Total Dust<br>D 5.0 mg/m3<br>Respirable Dust |
| 7631-86-9  | AMORPHOUS SILICA   | 1- 4                        | A 10.0 mg/m3<br>Total Dust<br>O 20.0 mppcf<br>D 3.0 mg/m3<br>8 hr PEL                                      |
| 123-86-4   | BUTYL ACETATE      | 5- 15                       | A 200.0 ppm<br>15 min STEL   |

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

|            |  |          |   |                 |
|------------|--|----------|---|-----------------|
|            |  |          | A | 150.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | O | 150.0 ppm       |
| 141-78-6   | ETHYL ACETATE                                | 5- 15    | A | 400.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | O | 400.0 ppm       |
| 112-07-2   | ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTY-<br>L ETHER ACETATE | 2        | A | 20.0 ppm        |
|            |  |          | D | 10.0 ppm        |
|            |  |          |   | Skin            |
|            |  |          | O | None            |
| 100-41-4   | ETHYLBENZENE                                 | 0.3- 0.7 | A | 125.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          |   | 15 min STEL     |
|            |  |          | A | 100.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | O | 100.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | D | 25.0 ppm        |
|            |  |          |   | 8 & 12 hour TWA |
| 1330-20-7  | XYLENE                                       | 2- 2     | A | 150.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          |   | 15 min STEL     |
|            |  |          | A | 100.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | O | 100.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          | D | 150.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          |   | 15 min STEL     |
|            |  |          | D | 100.0 ppm       |
|            |  |          |   | 8 & 12 hour TWA |
| 68911-87-5 | ORGANOCLAY                                   | 1- 4     | A | None            |
|            |  |          | O | None            |
| 71010-58-7 | POLYESTER RESIN                              | 16- 26   | A | None            |
|            |  |          | O | None            |

OSHA HAZARDOUS? Yes

\*\* A = ACGIH, O = OSHA, D = Dupont, S = Supplier (For additional definition of terms, see Section 16). Limits are 8-hour TWA unless otherwise specified.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 3 - Hazards Information \*\*\*\*\*

Emergency Overview:

DANGER! EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE LUNG INJURY AND ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY REACTION. EFFECTS MAY BE PERMANENT. FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPORS AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS SUCH AS DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, OR NAUSEA. MAY CAUSE NOSE, THROAT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CAN BE ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 3 - Hazards Information \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation:

If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization.

This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion:

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact:

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those listed above:

CARBON BLACK

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen.

Has shown carcinogenic activity in laboratory animals at high doses. Significance to man is unknown.

- The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure:  
asthma    respiratory disease

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxide concentrations in the rat's lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m<sup>3</sup> level are not relevant to the workplace.

BUTYL ACETATE

May cause abnormal liver function.

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure:  
respiratory system

Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive.

Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 3 - Hazards Information \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

ETHYL ACETATE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following:  
eyes respiratory system skin

Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood kidneys liver

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER ACETATE

May destroy red blood cells.

May cause abnormal kidney function.

May cause temporary upper respiratory and/or lung irritation with cough, difficult breathing, or shortness of breath.

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure:  
central nervous system gastrointestinal system kidneys liver dermatitis

Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood kidneys liver

Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen.

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following:  
central nervous system kidneys liver lungs

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects.

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

XYLENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following:  
bone marrow cardiovascular system central nervous system kidneys liver lungs

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

High exposures may produce irregular heart beats.

Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 3 - Hazards Information \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following:  
irritation dryness cracking of the skin

## NOTE:

If a chemical listed above is not identified as a carcinogen it is not an "IARC, NTP, or OSHA carcinogen".

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*\*\*

## First Aid Procedures:

## Inhalation:

If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air.  
If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

## Ingestion:

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available.

## Skin or eye:

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 5 - Firefighting Measures \*\*\*\*\*

Flash Point (Method) 20 deg F to below 73 deg F Closed Cup  
Approx. flammable limits LFL 1.1 % UFL 11.2 %  
Auto ignition temperature 393.0 - 427.0 Deg C

## Hazardous Combustion Products:

CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

## Extinguishing media:

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

## Special fire fighting procedures:

Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to prevent pressure build-up.

## Fire &amp; explosion hazards:

Flammable liquid. Vapor/air mixture will burn when an ignition source is present.

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*\*\*

## Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor.

If the material contains, or is mixed with an isocyanate

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

activator/hardener: Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TMN 10) and 80% Water OR 0 -10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance) Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow CO2 to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly.

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 7 - Handling and Storage \*\*\*\*\*

## Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Observe label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, static discharge and other sources of ignition. VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.

Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring.

Do not transfer contents to bottles or unlabeled containers. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 120 deg F.

OSHA/NFPA Storage Classification:

IB

## Other precautions:

If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved respirator or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 8 - Exposure Controls or Personal Protection \*\*\*\*\*

## Engineering controls and work practices:

## Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

## Personal Protective Equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

## Respiratory:

Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH approved respirator while mixing activator with paint, during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted unless air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are below applicable limits. If respirators are required and this product is used with an isocyanate activator/hardener, wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C). Otherwise a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) may

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 8 - Exposure Controls or Personal Protection \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

be used. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Refer to the hardener/activator label instructions and MSDS for further information. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed to vapor or spray mist if product is mixed with isocyanate activators/hardeners.

Protective clothing:

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Eye protection:

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties \*\*\*\*\*

|  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| Evaporation Rate                             | Slower than Ether   |
| Vapor Pressure of principal solvent          | 3.40 hPa @ 20 Deg C |
| Solubility of solvent in water               | NIL                 |
| Vapor density of principal solvent (Air = 1) | 3.90                |
| Approx. Boiling range                        | 77 - 152 DEG (C)    |
| Approx. Freezing range                       | -84 - -35 DEG (C)   |
| Gallon weight (lbs/gal)                      | 10.36               |
| Specific gravity                             | 1.24                |
| Percent volatile by volume                   | 53.32               |
| Percent volatile by weight                   | 36.75               |
| Percent solids by volume                     | 46.68               |
| Percent solids by weight                     | 63.25               |
| Physical state                               | Liquid              |
| pH (waterborne systems only)                 | Not Applicable      |
| VOC* less exempt (lbs/gal)                   | 3.8                 |
| VOC* as packaged (lbs/gal)                   | 3.8                 |

\* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 10 - Stability and Reactivity \*\*\*\*\*

Stability:

Stable

Incompatibility (materials to avoid):

None reasonably foreseeable

Hazardous decomposition products:

CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

Hazardous polymerization:

Will not occur.

\*\*\*\*\* SECTION 10 - Stability and Reactivity \*\*\*\*\*  
Cont'd

## Sensitivity to static discharge:

Solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

Sensitivity to mechanical impact: None Known

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*\*\*

No Information Available

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 12 - Ecological Information \*\*\*\*\*

No Information Available

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 13 - Disposal Considerations \*\*\*\*\*

## Waste disposal method:

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 14 - Transportation Information \*\*\*\*\*

No Information Available

## \*\*\*\*\* SECTION 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\*\*\*

## TSCA Status:

In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

## DSL Status:

Product is not DSL listed because one or more ingredients are not on the DSL inventory.

Photochemical Reactivity: Non-photochemically reactive

## Other Regulatory Information:

| CAS #      | Ingredient                | EPCRA |        |         | CERCLA |         | HAP |
|------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|-----|
|            |                           | 302   | TPQ/RQ | 311/312 | 313    | RQ(lbs) |     |
| 110-43-0   | METHYL AMYL KETONE        | N     | NR     | A, C, F | N      | NR      | N   |
| 70942-12-0 | ACRYLIC POLYMER           | N     | NR     | NA      | N      | NR      | N   |
| 1333-86-4  | CARBON BLACK              | N     | NR     | C       | N      | NR      | N   |
| 13463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE          | N     | NR     | A       | N      | NR      | N   |
| 7631-86-9  | AMORPHOUS SILICA          | N     | NR     | NA      | N      | NR      | N   |
| 123-86-4   | BUTYL ACETATE             | N     | NR     | A, C, F | N      | NR      | N   |
| 141-78-6   | ETHYL ACETATE             | N     | NR     | C, F    | N      | 5000    | N   |
| 112-07-2   | ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTY- | N     | NR     | A, C, F | Y      | NR      | Y   |





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**1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

Supplier: Dupont Canada  
P.O. Box 2200  
Streetsville, Mississauga, ON, L5M, 2H3

Manufacturer: E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.  
DuPont Performance Coatings  
Wilmington, DE 19898

Telephone: Product information: (800) 387-2122  
Medical emergency: (800) 441-3637  
Transportation emergency: (613) 996-6666 (CANUTEC)

Product Identifier: **Imron® Activators**

Product Use: Hardener for professional use

Hazardous Materials Information: See Section 16.

Products covered in this document include: 193S, FG-0162, FG-062, FG-1333, FG-1633, FG-33321, FG-572, FG-633, VG-6005, VG-610, VGM-6005, VGY611

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**2. Composition/information on ingredients**

| INGREDIENTS                               | CAS #      | VAPOR PRESSURE | EXPOSURE LIMITS   |
|---|------------|----------------|---|
| 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene                   | 95-63-6    | 7.0@44.4 °C    | A 25.0 ppm, O 25.0 ppm  |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate            | 822-06-0   | 0.0@25.0 °C    | A 5.0 ppb, O None   |
| 2-ethylhexyl acetate                      | 103-09-3   | 0.5            | A None, O None  |
| 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | 98-56-6    | 7.6@25.0 °C    | D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None                                      |
| Acetone                                   | 67-64-1    | 247.0@68.0 °F  | A 750.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 500.0 ppm, O 1000.0 ppm, D 500.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin            | 28182-81-2 | <0.0           | S 0.5 mg/m3, A None, O None   |
| Aromatic hydrocarbon                      | 64742-95-6 | 10.0@25.0 °C   | D 50.0 ppm, A None, O None  |
| Butyl acetate                             | 123-86-4   | 10.0           | A 200.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 150.0 ppm, O 150.0 ppm                               |
| Ethyl acetate                             | 141-78-6   | 93.2@25.0 °C   | A 400.0 ppm, O 400.0 ppm  |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate   | 112-07-2   | 0.3            | A 20.0 ppm, D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, O None                                  |
| Methyl acetate                            | 79-20-9    | 171.3@68.0 °F  | A 250.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 200.0 ppm, O 200.0 ppm                               |
| Polyisocyanate                            | 28182-81-2 | None           | A None, O None  |
| Polyisocyanate based on hdi               | NotAvail   | None           | A None, O None  |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate | 108-65-6   | 3.8            | D 30.0 ppm 15 min TWA, A None, O None   |
| Reactive diluent e                        | NotAvail   | None           | A None, O None  |
| T-butyl acetate                           | 540-88-5   | None           | A 200.0 ppm, O 200.0 ppm  |

\*A=ACGIH, O=OSHA, D=DuPont, S=Suppliers. Limits are 8 hour TWA unless otherwise specified. Vapor pressure @ 20° C unless otherwise noted.

**3. Hazards identification**

**Potential Health Effects:**

**Inhalation:**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression, characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product contains or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion:**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact:**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those listed above:**

**1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate**

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: lungs, skin. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin.

**4-chlorobenzotrifluoride**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: kidneys, liver, thyroid. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin. Ingestion may cause any of the following: gastrointestinal irritation. Eye contact may cause: permanent eye injury. Inhalation may cause: Causes stupor (central nervous system depression), respiratory tract irritation.

**Acetone**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disease, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

**Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin**

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin.

**Aromatic hydrocarbon**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

**Butyl acetate**

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

**Ethyl acetate**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: eyes, respiratory system, skin. Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver.

**Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate**

May destroy red blood cells. May cause abnormal kidney function. May cause temporary upper respiratory and/or lung irritation with cough, difficult breathing, or shortness of breath. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: central nervous system, gastrointestinal system, kidneys, liver, Dermatitis. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

**Polyisocyanate**

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

**T-butyl acetate**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, eyes, gastrointestinal system, liver, skin.

#### 4. First aid measures

##### First Aid Procedures:

##### Inhalation:

If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

##### Ingestion:

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available.

##### Skin or eye contact:

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

##### Flash Point (Closed Cup):

See Section 16 for exact values.

**Flammable Limits:** LFL 1.2 % UFL 11 %

##### Extinguishing Media:

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

##### Fire Fighting Procedures:

Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to prevent pressure build-up.

##### Fire and Explosion Hazards:

For flammable liquids, vapor/air will ignite when an ignition source is present. In other cases, when heated above the flash point, emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

##### Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly. If the material contains, or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TMN 10) and 80% Water OR 0-10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance). Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow CO<sub>2</sub> to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly.

##### Ecological information:

There is no data available on the product. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

#### 7. Handling and storage

##### Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Observe label precautions. If combustible (flashpoint between 38-93 deg C or 100 - 200 deg F), keep away from heat, sparks and flame. If flammable (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F), also keep away from static discharges and other sources of ignition. If material is extremely flammable (flashpoint less than - 8 deg C or 20 deg F) or flammable, VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY OR CAUSE FLASH FIRE, respectively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 49 deg C or 120 deg F. If product is waterbased, do not freeze.

##### Other precautions:

If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Handling and processing operations should be conducted in accordance with best practices (e.g.NFPA-654).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

### Respiratory protection:

Do not breathe vapors or mists. If this product contains isocyanates or is used with an isocyanate activator/hardener, wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C) during spray application (or brush and roll application in poorly ventilated areas) and until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. For mixing and brush and roll application in well ventilated areas or, if the product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) may be used until all vapors are exhausted. In addition, for spray application when product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) is needed with the organic vapor cartridges until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed to vapor or spray mist if product contains or is mixed with isocyanate activators/hardeners.

### Protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Skin and body protection:

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

|                                      |                   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Evaporation rate                     | Slower than Ether |
| Vapor pressure of principal solvent  | 97.2 hPa          |
| Solubility of Solvent In Water       | NIL               |
| Vapour density                       | Heavier than air  |
| Approx. Boiling Range ( °C)          | 77 – 220 °C       |
| Approx. Freezing Range ( °C)         | -84 °C            |
| Density (g/l)                        | 1,080 - 1,172     |
| Specific Gravity                     | 1.08 - 1.17       |
| Percent Volatile By Volume           | 0.19 - 30.25      |
| Percent Volatile By Weight           | 0.00 - 25.03      |
| Percent Solids By Volume             | 69.75 - 99.82     |
| Percent Solids By Weight             | 74.96 - 99.84     |
| Appearance                           | liquid            |
| Odour: characteristic of the Product |                   |

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability:

Stable

### Incompatibility (materials to avoid):

None reasonably foreseeable

### Hazardous decomposition products:

CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

### Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

### Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

For flammable materials (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F) and combustibles (flashpoint between 38- 93 deg C or 100-200 deg F) if heated above the flashpoint, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

### Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:

None known.

| Toxicity Test Type | Value | Time | Species | Source |
|--------------------|-------|------|---------|--------|
|--------------------|-------|------|---------|--------|

11. Toxicological information

| Toxicity Test Type                        | Value                    | Time | Species    | Source        |
|---|--------------------------|------|------------|---------------|
| 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene                   |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 5,000 mg/kg              |      | rat        | RTECS         |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 18,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 h  | rat        | RTECS         |
| 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate            |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 350 mg/kg                |      | mouse      | RTECS         |
| Dermal LD50                               | 570 mg/kg                |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 124 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | 4 h  | rat        | RTECS         |
| 2-ethylhexyl acetate                      |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 5,890 mg/kg              |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | > 1,100 ppm              | 6 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LD50                           | > 1,100 ppm              |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 6,650 mg/kg              |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | 2,700 mg/kg              |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 4,479 ppm                | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Acetone                                   |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 5,800 mg/kg              |      | rat        | RTECS         |
| Dermal LD50                               | 20 g/kg                  |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 50.1 g/m <sup>3</sup>    | 8 h  | rat        | RTECS         |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin            |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 1,000 mg/kg              |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | 5,000 mg/kg              |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 137 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Aromatic hydrocarbon                      |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | > 5,000 mg/kg            |      | rat        | CCOHS         |
| Dermal LD50                               | > 3,160 mg/kg            |      | rat        | CCOHS         |
| Inhalation LD50                           | > 3,670 ppm              | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Butyl acetate                             |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | > 5,000 ml/kg            |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | > 5,000 ml/kg            |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | > 6,335 ppm              | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Ethyl acetate                             |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 5,600 mg/kg              |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | > 20 ml/kg               |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | 29.4 mg/l                | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate   |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 2,400 mg/kg              |      | rat        | RTECS         |
| Dermal LD50                               | 1,500 mg/kg              |      | rabbit     | RTECS         |
| Methyl acetate                            |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | > 5,000 mg/kg            |      | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | > 5,000 mg/kg            |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | > 16,000 ppm             | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | 8.5 g/kg                 |      | Female Rat | Supplier MSDS |
| Dermal LD50                               | > 5 g/kg                 |      | rabbit     | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LC50                           | > 4,345 ppm              | 6 h  | Male Rat   | Supplier MSDS |
| T-butyl acetate                           |                          |      |            |               |
| Oral LD50                                 | > 3,160 mg/kg            | 6 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |
| Inhalation LD50                           | > 6 mg/l                 | 4 h  | rat        | Supplier MSDS |

Key:

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances  
CCOHS - Canadian Center for Occupational Health and Safety  
Patty's - Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, 3rd Edition

12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.



Acute toxicity aquatic invertebrates

| CAS-No.    | Chemical Name                           | Species            | Exposure time | Value     | Type | Method |
|------------|---|--------------------|---------------|-----------|------|--------|
| 95-63-6    | 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene                 | Daphnia            | 48 h          | 6 mg/l    | LC50 |        |
| 822-06-0   | 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate          | Ceriodaphnia dubia | 48 h          | 89 mg/l   | EC50 |        |
| 67-64-1    | Acetone                                 | Daphnia            | 2 days        | 10 mg/l   |      |        |
| 64742-95-6 | Aromatic hydrocarbon                    | Daphnia            | 24 h          | 170 mg/l  | EC50 |        |
| 123-86-4   | Butyl acetate                           | Ceriodaphnia dubia | 2 days        | 72.8 mg/l | EC50 |        |
| 112-07-2   | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate | Daphnia            | 48 h          | 37 mg/l   | EC50 |        |
| 540-88-5   | T-butyl acetate                         | Water flea         | 24 h          | 2,893 ppm |      |        |

Acute and extended toxicity of fishes

| CAS-No.    | Chemical Name                             | Species                                | Exposure time | Value      | Type | Method |
|------------|---|--|---------------|------------|------|--------|
| 95-63-6    | 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene                   | Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)    | 96 h          | 9.22 mg/l  | EC50 |        |
| 822-06-0   | 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate            | Danio rerio (zebra fish)               | 96 h          | 82 mg/l    | LC50 |        |
| 98-56-6    | 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 31 days       | 1 mg/l     |      |        |
| 98-56-6    | 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) | 4 days        | 12 mg/l    |      |        |
| 98-56-6    | 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)    | 4 days        | 14 mg/l    |      |        |
| 67-64-1    | Acetone                                   | Carassius auratus (goldfish)           | 1 day         | 5,000 mg/l |      |        |
| 67-64-1    | Acetone                                   | Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)    | 4 days        | 5,540 mg/l |      |        |
| 67-64-1    | Acetone                                   | Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) | 4 days        | 8,300 mg/l |      |        |
| 64742-95-6 | Aromatic hydrocarbon                      | Danio rerio (zebra fish)               | 96 h          | 10 mg/l    | LC50 |        |
| 123-86-4   | Butyl acetate                             | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 4 days        | 18 mg/l    | LC50 |        |
| 123-86-4   | Butyl acetate                             | Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) | 4 days        | 100 mg/l   |      |        |
| 141-78-6   | Ethyl acetate                             | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 4 days        | 230 mg/l   |      |        |
| 141-78-6   | Ethyl acetate                             | Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)           | 2 days        | 270 mg/l   |      |        |
| 141-78-6   | Ethyl acetate                             | Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)    | 4 days        | 425 mg/l   |      |        |
| 112-07-2   | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate   | Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)    | 96 h          | 20 mg/l    | LC50 |        |
| 79-20-9    | Methyl acetate                            | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 4 days        | 320 mg/l   |      |        |
| 108-65-6   | Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 4 days        | 161 mg/l   |      |        |
| 540-88-5   | T-butyl acetate                           | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)   | 96 h          | 327 ppm    |      |        |



**Toxicity with aquatic plants**

| CAS-No.    | Chemical Name                             | Species                                  | Exposure time | Value      | Type | Method |
|------------|---|--|---------------|------------|------|--------|
| 98-56-6    | 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | Daphnia                                  | 2 days        | 4 mg/l     |      |        |
| 98-56-6    | 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride                  | green algae<br>(type not specified)      | 3 days        | 500 mg/l   |      |        |
| 28182-81-2 | Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin            | Desmodesmus subspicatus<br>(green algae) | 72 h          | 1,000 mg/l | EC50 |        |
| 64742-95-6 | Aromatic hydrocarbon                      | Algae                                    | 72 h          | 10 mg/l    | EC50 |        |
| 141-78-6   | Ethyl acetate                             | Daphnia                                  | 2 days        | 230 mg/l   |      |        |
| 112-07-2   | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate   | green algae<br>(type not specified)      | 72 h          | 500 mg/l   | EC50 |        |
| 108-65-6   | Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate | Daphnia                                  | 2 days        | 408 mg/l   |      |        |

**Mobility**

No information available.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Provincial Waste Classification:**

Check appropriate provincial and local waste disposal regulations for proper classifications.

**Waste Disposal Method:**

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate or otherwise dispose of waste material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers. Send to a licensed waste management company.

**14. Transport information**

**FG-572**

- Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

**193S, FG-0162, FG-062, FG-1633, FG-33321, VG-610, VGY611**

- TDG Shipping Name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- Hazard class: 3
- UN number: 1263
- Packing group: II

**FG-1333, FG-633, VG-6005, VGM-6005**

- TDG Shipping Name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- Hazard class: 3
- UN number: 1263
- Packing group: III

**15. Regulatory information**

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**TSCA Status:**

Contact product information number for regulatory status of individual products.

**CEPA Status:**

Contact product information number for regulatory status of individual products.

**OCI:**

Contact product information number for regulatory status of individual products.

**WHMIS Classification:**

193S, FG-0162, FG-062, FG-1633, VG-610, VGY611

- Class B Division 2
- Class D Division 1 Subdivision A
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision A 56
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 60
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 61

**FG-33321**

- Class B Division 2
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 60

**FG-1333, FG-633, VG-6005, VGM-6005**

- Class B Division 3
- Class D Division 1 Subdivision A
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision A 56
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 60
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 61

**FG-572**

- Class D Division 1 Subdivision A
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision A 56
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 60
- Class D Division 2 Subdivision B 61

**16. Other information**

**193S™** 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(5 - 10%), Ethyl acetate(10 - 30%), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,080.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 74.99 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 70.05 SOLVENT DENSITY: 901.92 VOC LE: 270.0 VOC AP: 270.0 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-0162™** 2-ethylhexyl acetate(3 - 7%), Acetone(1 - 5%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(10 - 30%), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate(7 - 13%) **DENSITY: 1,088.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 75.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 69.75 SOLVENT DENSITY: 899.04 VOC LE: 261.0 VOC AP: 255.6 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-062™** 2-ethylhexyl acetate(3 - 7%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(10 - 30%), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate(7 - 13%) **DENSITY: 1,090.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 75.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 69.90 SOLVENT DENSITY: 905.27 VOC LE: 272.5 VOC AP: 272.5 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-1333™** 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(1 - 5%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Methyl acetate(1 - 5%) **DENSITY: 1,154.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 95.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 94.76 SOLVENT DENSITY: 1,098.45 VOC LE: 0.7 VOC AP: 0.6 FLASH POINT: 60 °C to below 93 °C H: 2 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IIIA PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-1633™** 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(1 - 5%), T-butyl acetate(1 - 5%) **DENSITY: 1,137.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 95.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 93.47 SOLVENT DENSITY: 870.28 VOC LE: 56.8 VOC AP: 56.8 VOC LE (TBAC): 29.6 VOC AP (TBAC): 28.5 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-33321™** 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(1 - 5%), Methyl acetate(1 - 5%), Polyisocyanate(60 - 100%) **DENSITY: 1,172.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 96.04 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 95.91 SOLVENT DENSITY: 1,131.89 VOC LE: 0.5 VOC AP: 0.5 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 1 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-572™** 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Polyisocyanate based on hdi(1 - 5%), Reactive diluent e(1 - 5%) **DENSITY: 1,161.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 99.84 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 99.82 SOLVENT DENSITY: 986.76 VOC LE: 1.8 VOC AP: 1.8 FLASH POINT: Above 93 °C H: 3 F: 1 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IIBB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**FG-633™** 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,138.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 95.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 93.54 SOLVENT DENSITY: 880.10 VOC LE: 56.8 VOC AP: 56.8 FLASH POINT: 38 °C to below 60 °C H: 2 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: II PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**VG-6005™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(1 - 5%), 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Aromatic hydrocarbon(1 - 5%), Butyl acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,120.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 90.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 87.23 SOLVENT DENSITY: 874.11 VOC LE: 111.9 VOC AP: 111.9 FLASH POINT: 38 °C to below 60 °C H: 2 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: II PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**VG-610™** Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(5 - 10%), Ethyl acetate(10 - 30%), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,089.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 74.99 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 69.77 SOLVENT DENSITY: 901.92 VOC LE: 272.6 VOC AP: 272.6 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**VGM-6005™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(1 - 5%), 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate(0.1 - 1.0%), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Aromatic hydrocarbon(1 - 5%), Butyl acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,120.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 90.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 87.23 SOLVENT DENSITY: 874.11 VOC LE: 111.9 VOC AP: 111.9 FLASH POINT: 38 °C to below 60 °C H: 2 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: II PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**VGY611™** Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin(60 - 100%), Butyl acetate(5 - 10%), Ethyl acetate(10 - 30%), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(3 - 7%) **DENSITY: 1,089.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 74.99 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 69.80 SOLVENT DENSITY: 901.92 VOC LE: 272.4 VOC AP: 272.4 FLASH POINT: -7 °C to below 23 °C H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**Footnotes:**

**ACGIH** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer.

**NTP** National Toxicology Program.

**OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

**STEL** Short term exposure limit.

**TWA** Time-weighted average.

**DENSITY** Density g/l

**SOLVENT DENSITY** (g/l)

**VOC LE** Theoretical VOC calculated less exempt solvents and water (g/l)

**VOC AP** Theoretical VOC calculated as packaged (g/l)

**PNOR** Particles not otherwise regulated.

**PNOC** Particles not otherwise classified.

\* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

TBAC is not universally recognized as an exempt solvent.

Users should consult the applicable regulations for their region.

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**Notice:**

Notice from DuPont Performance Coatings

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. The document reflects information provided to DuPont by its suppliers. Information is accurate to the best of our knowledge and is subject to change as new data is received by DuPont. Persons receiving this information should make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use.

**MSDS prepared by:** DuPont Performance Coatings Regulatory Affairs

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1303

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® Crystal Clear Acrylic Coating  
**Product code** : 1303  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Aerosol.  
**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 W. Prospect Avenue  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 457-9566  
Mexico: Not Available

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

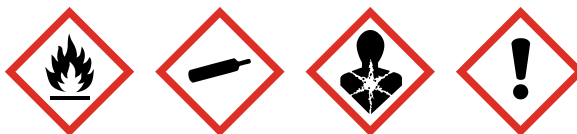
## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 25%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 68.5%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 76.7%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

**General** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name          | % by weight | CAS number |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Acetone                  | ≥25 - ≤50   | 67-64-1    |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | ≥10 - ≤25   | 123-86-4   |
| Propane                  | ≥10 - ≤25   | 74-98-6    |
| Butane                   | ≥10 - ≤25   | 106-97-8   |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | ≤5          | 763-69-9   |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | ≤3          | 1330-20-7  |
| Ethylbenzene             | <1          | 100-41-4   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting



## Section 4. First aid measures

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Acetone         | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                              |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Propane  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Butane   | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].</b></p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>           STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p>  |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate<br>Xylene mixed isomers | <p>None.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>  |
| Ethylbenzene                                     | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>           STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name      | Exposure limits   |
|----------------------|---|
| Acetone              | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/>           TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br/>           TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEV: 2380 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Normal butyl acetate | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b></p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Normal propane

15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.  
8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Butane

Xylene

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | <p>STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br/>         STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>         TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>         STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>         TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>         8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>         8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>         15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>         15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/>         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br/>         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>         TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>         TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>         STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>         STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>         STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>         TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
|--------------|---|

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name      | Exposure limits  |
|----------------------|--|
| Acetone              | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| n-Butyl Acetate      | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Propane              | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Butane               | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Xylene mixed isomers | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| Ethylbenzene         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                               |

### Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 7
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 1%  
Upper: 12.8%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.74
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray  
Heat of combustion : 29.287 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Acetone                  | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg               | -        |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg             | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg              | -        |
| Butane                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3200 mg/kg               | -        |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg               | -        |
| Ethylbenzene             | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg               | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Acetone                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams            | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395 milligrams           | -           |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams            | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams    | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters   | -           |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|              |                          |        |   |                         |   |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------|---|-------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
|              | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 Percent             | - |
|              | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams          | - |
|              | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 milligrams  | - |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -    | 3    | -   |
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Acetone              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| n-Butyl Acetate      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects                                  |
| Propane              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane               | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene mixed isomers | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| Ethylbenzene         | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Acetone              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane               | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene mixed isomers | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene         | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                 | Result                         |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane               | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene mixed isomers | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route              | ATE value     |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Oral               | 42346.7 mg/kg |
| Dermal             | 15457.4 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 51887.6 ppm   |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                              | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acetone                 | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex            | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water     | Fish - Poecilia reticulata              | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                    | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae                | 21 days  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 21 days  |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 4 weeks  |
|                         | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia salina            | 48 hours |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
| Ethylbenzene            | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.








## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | DOT<br>Classification  | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA   | IMDG   |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| UN number                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| UN proper shipping name    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| Packing group              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| Additional information     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.  
**Ship type** : Not available.  
**Pollution category** : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

## SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

## California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## International regulations

### International lists

- : **Australia inventory (AICS):** Not determined.
- China inventory (IECSC):** Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ENCS):** Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- Korea inventory (KECI):** Not determined.
- Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):** Not determined.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** Not determined.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS):** Not determined.
- Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI):** Not determined.
- Thailand inventory:** Not determined.
- Turkey inventory:** Not determined.
- Vietnam inventory:** Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 4 |
| Physical hazards |   | 3 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

## History

- Date of printing** : 1/9/2019
- Date of issue/Date of revision** : 1/9/2019
- Date of previous issue** : 12/1/2018
- Version** : 10

## Section 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

K01301A07

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® DECORATOR Spray Paints  
Acrylic Crystal Clear

**Product code** : K01301A07

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 Prospect Avenue NW  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**National contact** : Krylon Products Group  
180 Brunel Road  
Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US/Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531. Available 24 hours and 365 days per year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US/Canada: (800) 247-3266  
Mexico: Not Available

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : US/Canada: (216) 566-2902  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US/Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 25%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 68.5%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 76.7%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name          | % by weight | CAS number |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Acetone                  | 39.51       | 67-64-1    |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | 20.48       | 123-86-4   |
| Propane                  | 12.75       | 74-98-6    |
| Butane                   | 12.25       | 106-97-8   |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | 4           | 763-69-9   |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | 2.24        | 1330-20-7  |
| Ethylbenzene             | 0.4         | 100-41-4   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.



## Section 4. First aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

- : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

### **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**

- : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **For non-emergency personnel**

- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### **For emergency responders**

- : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Acetone         | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| n-Butyl Acetate | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Propane         | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b>   |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p>Butane</p>  | <p>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].</b><br/><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b><br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> |
| <p>Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate<br/>Xylene mixed isomers</p> | <p>None.<br/><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| <p>Ethylbenzene</p>                                      | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b><br/>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name        | Exposure limits   |
|------------------------|---|
| <p>Acetone</p>         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>TWA EV: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA EV: 1190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEV: 2380 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| <p>n-Butyl Acetate</p> | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Propane

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Butane

Xylene mixed isomers

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>           15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
|--------------|---|

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name      | Exposure limits   |
|----------------------|---|
| Acetone              | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.</p> |
| n-Butyl Acetate      | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</p> |
| Propane              | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p>   |
| Butane               | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p>   |
| Xylene mixed isomers | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Ethylbenzene         | <p><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p>   |

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

##### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 7
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 1%  
Upper: 12.8%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.74
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Aerosol product**
- Type of aerosol** : Spray
- Heat of combustion** : 29.287 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Acetone                  | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg               | -        |
|                          | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg             | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg              | -        |
| Butane                   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3200 mg/kg               | -        |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg               | -        |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg               | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg               | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Acetone                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams            | -           |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Xylene mixed isomers     | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams            | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams    | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters   | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Ethylbenzene             | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent              | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15              | -           |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -    | 3    | -   |
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Acetone              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| n-Butyl Acetate      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects                                  |
| Propane              | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane               | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene mixed isomers | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| Ethylbenzene         | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Acetone              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane               | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene mixed isomers | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene         | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                 | Result                         |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane               | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene mixed isomers | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**



| Route              | ATE value     |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Oral               | 42346.7 mg/kg |
| Dermal             | 15457.4 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 51887.6 ppm   |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                              | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acetone                 | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex            | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water     | Fish - Poecilia reticulata              | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                    | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae                | 21 days  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 21 days  |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 4 weeks  |
|                         | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia salina            | 48 hours |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
| Ethylbenzene            | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.








## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | DOT<br>Classification  | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA   | IMDG   |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| UN number                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| UN proper shipping name    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| Packing group              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| Additional information     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.  
**Ship type** : Not available.  
**Pollution category** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

#### International lists

- : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
- China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ENCS)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
- Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.
- Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
- Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
- Thailand inventory**: Not determined.
- Turkey inventory**: Not determined.
- Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 4 |
| Physical hazards |   | 3 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

#### History

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**Date of previous issue** : 6/18/2018

**Version** : 6

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

## Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

K04070  
05 00

DATE OF PREPARATION  
Jun 30, 2011

## SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT NUMBER

K04070

### PRODUCT NAME

KRYLON® Industrial Mine Marking Paint, White

### MANUFACTURER'S NAME

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY  
KRYLON PRODUCTS GROUP  
Cleveland, OH 44115

### Telephone Numbers and Websites

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Product Information</b>       | (800) 247-3266<br>www.kpg-industrial.com |
| <b>Regulatory Information</b>    | (216) 566-2902<br>www.paintdocs.com      |
| <b>Medical Emergency</b>         | (216) 566-2917                           |
| <b>Transportation Emergency*</b> | (800) 424-9300                           |

\*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident)

## SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| % by Weight | CAS Number | Ingredient         | Units     | Vapor Pressure              |        |
|-------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 16          | 74-98-6    | Propane            | ACGIH TLV | 2500 PPM                    | 760 mm |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 1000 PPM                    |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |
| 14          | 142-82-5   | Heptane            | ACGIH TLV | 400 PPM                     | 50 mm  |
|             |            |                    | ACGIH TLV | 500 PPM STEL                |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 400 PPM                     |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 500 PPM STEL                |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |
| 2           | 64742-89-8 | V. M. & P. Naphtha | ACGIH TLV | 300 PPM                     | 12 mm  |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 300 PPM                     |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 400 PPM STEL                |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |
| 15          | 64742-88-7 | Mineral Spirits    | ACGIH TLV | 100 PPM                     | 2 mm   |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 100 PPM                     |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |
| 9           | 471-34-1   | Calcium Carbonate  | ACGIH TLV | 10 mg/m3 as Dust            |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 10 mg/m3 Total Dust         |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |
| 3           | 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide   | ACGIH TLV | 10 mg/m3 as Dust            |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 10 mg/m3 Total Dust         |        |
|             |            |                    | OSHA PEL  | 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction |        |
|             |            |                    |           |                             |        |

## SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.  
EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

### EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

**EYES:** Irritation.

**SKIN:** Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

**INHALATION:** Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

### HMIS Codes

|                     |    |
|---------------------|----|
| <b>Health</b>       | 2* |
| <b>Flammability</b> | 3  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | 0  |

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to hazardous ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse chronic effects to the following organs or systems:

- the liver
- the urinary system

**SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE**

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE**

May cause allergic skin reaction in susceptible persons or skin sensitization.

**CANCER INFORMATION**

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

**SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES**

**EYES:** Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**SKIN:** Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.  
Remove contaminated clothing and laundry before re-use.

**INHALATION:** If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

**INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

**SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES****FLASH POINT**

Propellant < 0 °F

**LEL**

0.9

**UEL**

9.5

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS**

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

**SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED**

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

**SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE****STORAGE CATEGORY**

Not Available

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

**SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE**

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust), 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust), 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction).

**VENTILATION**

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits.

Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

**EYE PROTECTION**

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

**SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

|                            |                   |               |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| <b>PRODUCT WEIGHT</b>      | 6.97 lb/gal       | 835 g/l       |
| <b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</b>    | 0.84              |               |
| <b>BOILING POINT</b>       | <0 - 395 °F       | <-18 - 201 °C |
| <b>MELTING POINT</b>       | Not Available     |               |
| <b>VOLATILE VOLUME</b>     | 93%               |               |
| <b>EVAPORATION RATE</b>    | Faster than ether |               |
| <b>VAPOR DENSITY</b>       | Heavier than air  |               |
| <b>SOLUBILITY IN WATER</b> | N.A.              |               |
| <b>pH</b>                  | 7.0               |               |

**VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)**

Volatile Weight 50.36%      Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

**SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****STABILITY — Stable****CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

None known.

**INCOMPATIBILITY**

None known.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS**

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION**

Will not occur

**SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

IARC's Monograph No. 93 reports there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental rats exposed to titanium dioxide but inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans and has assigned a Group 2B rating. In addition, the IARC summary concludes, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium is bound to other materials, such as paint."

**TOXICOLOGY DATA**

| CAS No.    | Ingredient Name    |          |     |               |
|------------|--------------------|----------|-----|---------------|
| 74-98-6    | Propane            | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |
| 142-82-5   | Heptane            | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |
| 64742-89-8 | V. M. & P. Naphtha | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |
| 64742-88-7 | Mineral Spirits    | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |
| 471-34-1   | Calcium Carbonate  | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide   | LC50 RAT | 4HR | Not Available |
|            |                    | LD50 RAT |     | Not Available |

**SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data available.

## SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (ocean, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport.

### US Ground (DOT)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

### Canada (TDG)

May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

### IMO

May be shipped as Limited Quantity

UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, EmS F-D, S-U, ADR (D)

### IATA/ICAO

UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

## SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

### SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

| CAS No. | CHEMICAL/COMPOUND | % by WT | % Element |
|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------|
|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------|

No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

## SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

A03700004

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Water-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) Fluorescent Orange

**Product code** : A03700004

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**  
Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 Prospect Avenue NW  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**National contact** : Krylon Products Group  
180 Brunel Road  
Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : (216) 566-2917

**Product Information Telephone Number** : (800) 247-3266

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : (216) 566-2902

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : (800) 424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 23.2%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 32.9%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 18.7%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger



## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.  
This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.
- Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.
- CAS number/other identifiers**

| Ingredient name                   | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Toluene                           | 9.77        | 108-88-3   |
| Propane                           | 9.52        | 74-98-6    |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | 8           | 64742-47-8 |
| Butane                            | 4.48        | 106-97-8   |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.17        | 64742-89-8 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name                   | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Toluene                           | <p><b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b><br/>           TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           CEIL: 300 ppm<br/>           AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Propane                           | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>  |
| Butane                            | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p>  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | None.   |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| toluene         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). Absorbed through skin.</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.</b><br/>           TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.</b><br/>           STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Propane         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Butane                                     | <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> |

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| toluene         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : **This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

|   |   |                       |      |
|---|---|-----------------------|------|
| <b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b> : 1/15/2018   | <b>Date of previous issue</b> : 12/1/2017 | <b>Version</b> : 5.01 | 7/15 |
| A03700004 KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Water-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) Fluorescent Orange |   |                       |      |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 7
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 2 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 9.5%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.86
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Aerosol product**
- Type of aerosol** : Spray
- Heat of combustion** : 13.224 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Toluene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>      | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 636 mg/kg                | -        |
| Butane                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score          | Exposure                 | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Toluene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -              | 0.5 minutes              | -           |
|                          |                          |         |                | 100 milligrams           |             |
|                          | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -              | 870 Micrograms           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -              | 24 hours 2 milligrams    | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Pig     | -              | 24 hours 250 microliters | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -              | 435 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -              | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
| Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit                   | -       | 500 milligrams | -                        |             |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Toluene                 | -    | 3    | -   |

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Toluene                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Propane                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Toluene                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Toluene                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Propane                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 respiratory tract irritation  
 coughing  
 nausea or vomiting  
 headache  
 drowsiness/fatigue  
 dizziness/vertigo  
 unconsciousness  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 nausea or vomiting  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

| <b>Route</b> | <b>ATE value</b> |
|--------------|------------------|
| Oral         | 5002 mg/kg       |

**Section 12. Ecological information**

**Toxicity**

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name                          | Result                             | Species   | Exposure |
|--|------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Toluene<br><br>Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water  | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                             | 72 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water  | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult                       | 48 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry                                   | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 21 days  |
|  | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name           | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF        | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| Toluene                           | -                  | 90         | low       |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500 | high      |

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.






## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | <b>DOT<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>TDG<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>Mexico<br/>Classification</b>   | <b>IATA</b>  | <b>IMDG</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user :** Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code :** Not available.

**Proper shipping name :** Not available.  
**Ship type :** Not available.  
**Pollution category :** Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). See Environmental Data Sheet (EDS) for additional detail.

### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

**California Prop. 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Section 16. Other information**

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Health           | 2 |
| Flammability     | 2 |
| Physical hazards | 0 |
|                  |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

**Procedure used to derive the classification**

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

**History**

**Date of printing** : 1/15/2018

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**Date of previous issue** : 12/1/2017

**Version** : 5.01

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

**Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the

## Section 16. Other information

product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

03901

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK™ Water-Based Inverted Marking Paint (APWA) Brilliant White

**Product code** : 03901

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**CAS #** : Not applicable.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 Prospect Avenue NW  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : (216) 566-2917

**Product Information Telephone Number** : (800) 247-3266

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : (216) 566-2902

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : (800) 424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 22.3%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 35.7%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 17.5%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Date of issue/Date of revision** :

6/26/2017

**Date of previous issue** :

6/7/2017

**Version** : 8

1/18

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Signal word** : Danger
- Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

### Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.
- CAS number/other identifiers**



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                   | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Propane                           | 10.2        | 74-98-6    |
| Toluene                           | 9           | 108-88-3   |
| Talc                              | 5.39        | 14807-96-6 |
| Butane                            | 4.8         | 106-97-8   |
| Hexane                            | 4.43        | 110-54-3   |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | 3.28        | 13463-67-7 |
| Xylene                            | 2.35        | 1330-20-7  |
| 2-Methylpentane                   | 2.05        | 107-83-5   |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.94        | 64742-89-8 |
| Ethylbenzene                      | 0.42        | 100-41-4   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits   |
|------------------|---|
| Propane          | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Toluene          | <p><b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b><br/>           TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           CEIL: 300 ppm<br/>           AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Talc             | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p>   |
| Butane           | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p>  |
| Hexane           | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br/>           TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.<br/>           TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Titanium Dioxide | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p>Xylene</p>  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>  |
| <p>2-Methylpentane</p>                                     | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>     |
| <p>Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br/> Ethylbenzene</p> | <p>None.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| <p>Propane</p>  | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/> TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/> STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| <p>Toluene</p>  | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/> 8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b></p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Butane

**Absorbed through skin.**

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.**

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**

TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Hexane

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

**Absorbed through skin.**

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

**Absorbed through skin.**

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

**Absorbed through skin.**

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 176 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.**

STEL: 62.5 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <p>2-Methylpentane</p> | <p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>15 min OEL: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>15 min OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWAEV: 1760 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEV: 3500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| <p>Ethylbenzene</p>    | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>  |

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Toluene         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                               |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Hexane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b>                      |
| Xylene          | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 2-Methylpentane | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 2-Methylpentane | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b>   |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethylbenzene

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  
**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).**  
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Not available.

**Odor** : Not available.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : 7

**Melting point** : Not available.



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Boiling point</b>                                | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]         |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : 9.1 (butyl acetate = 1)   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b> | : Lower: 0.9%<br>Upper: 9.5%                                      |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]                                 |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | : 1 [Air = 1]   |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | : 0.87  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                   | : Not available.  |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>       | : Not available.  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| <b>Molecular weight</b>                             | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Aerosol product</b>                              |   |
| <b>Type of aerosol</b>                              | : Spray   |
| <b>Heat of combustion</b>                           | : 15.135 kJ/g   |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.   |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| <b>Product/ingredient name</b> | <b>Result</b>         | <b>Species</b> | <b>Dose</b>              | <b>Exposure</b> |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Toluene                        | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat            | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>      | 4 hours         |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 636 mg/kg                | -               |
| Butane                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat            | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours         |
|                                | Hexane                | Rat            | 48000 ppm                | 4 hours         |
| Xylene                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 15840 mg/kg              | -               |
|                                | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat            | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours         |
| Ethylbenzene                   | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 4300 mg/kg               | -               |
|                                | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit         | >5000 mg/kg              | -               |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 3500 mg/kg               | -               |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Toluene                 | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 0.5 minutes              | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams           | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 870 Micrograms           | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Pig     | -     | 24 hours 2 milligrams    | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 250 microliters | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 435 milligrams           | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
| Talc                    | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 500 milligrams           | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | 72 hours 300 Micrograms  | -           |
| Hexane                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | Intermittent             | -           |
|                         | Titanium Dioxide         | Human   | -     | 10 milligrams            | -           |
| Xylene                  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms  | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | Intermittent             | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams            | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams    | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters   | -           |
| Ethylbenzene            | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent              | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams           | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | 24 hours 15 milligrams   | -           |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Toluene                 | -    | 3    | -   |
| Talc                    | -    | 3    | -   |
| Titanium Dioxide        | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Xylene                  | -    | 3    | -   |
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Propane                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Toluene                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Hexane                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| 2-Methylpentane                   | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Propane                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Toluene                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Talc                              | Category 1 | Inhalation        | lungs          |
| Butane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Hexane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| 2-Methylpentane                   | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Toluene                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hexane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 2-Methylpentane                   | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene                      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

##### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

##### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

##### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

##### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route              | ATE value     |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Oral               | 5286.7 mg/kg  |
| Dermal             | 30073.3 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 175465.3 ppm  |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name           | Result                                | Species   | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Toluene                           | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water     | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                             | 72 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water     | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult                       | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| Hexane                            | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry                                   | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 21 days  |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
| Xylene                            | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus  | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio                                    | 48 hours |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                             | 72 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                             | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water      | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii                                 | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                   | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss  | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name           | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Toluene                           | -                  | 90          | low       |
| Hexane                            | -                  | 501.187     | high      |
| Xylene                            | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.






## Section 12. Ecological information

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | <b>DOT<br/>Classification</b>   | <b>TDG<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>Mexico<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>IATA</b>   | <b>IMDG</b>   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950  | UN1950   | UN1950  | UN1950  | UN1950  |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS  | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS  | AEROSOLS, flammable   | AEROSOLS  |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>  | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -   | -  | -   | -   | -   |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.   | No.  | No.   | No.   | No.   |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126  | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126  | -   | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U   |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.

## Section 14. Transport information

**Ship type** : Not available.

**Pollution category** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 2 |
| Flammability     |   | 2 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1                      | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

### History

**Date of printing** : 6/26/2017

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 6/26/2017

**Date of previous issue** : 6/7/2017

**Version** : 8

## Section 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

K00110113

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : RUST TOUGH® 250 Enamel  
Black

**Product code** : K00110113

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**  
Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 Prospect Avenue NW  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : (216) 566-2917

**Product Information Telephone Number** : (800) 247-3266

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : (216) 566-2902

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : (800) 424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 16.8%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 31.9%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 31.9%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
May cause cancer.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                       | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon           | 16.83       | 64742-47-8 |
| p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride              | 13.73       | 98-56-6    |
| Carbon Black                          | 1.31        | 1333-86-4  |
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate              | 0.95        | 136-51-6   |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 0.66        | 14808-60-7 |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone                | 0.36        | 872-50-4   |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol           | 0.29        | 111-77-3   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime                 | 0.26        | 96-29-7    |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate               | 0.14        | 136-52-7   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
halogenated compounds  
carbonyl halides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name                       | Exposure limits   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon           | <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride              | None.   |
| Carbon Black                          | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br>TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction   |
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate              | None.   |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | <b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone                | <b>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol           | None.   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime                 | <b>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.</b><br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate               | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.   |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name                            | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br>TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 1590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone                     | <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br>TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime                      | <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br>TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate                    | <b>AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer.</b><br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inorganic<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.<br><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Skin sensitizer.</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br>STEL: 0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8 hours. |

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name         | Exposure limits  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. |

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : 138°C (280.4°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) [Tagliabue Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 0.13 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 10.5%
- Vapor pressure** : 0.71 kPa (5.3 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 5 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 1.04
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Aerosol product**
- Heat of combustion** : 15.206 kJ/g



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result      | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 13 g/kg      | -        |
| Carbon Black             | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | >15400 mg/kg | -        |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone   | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | 8 g/kg       | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 3914 mg/kg   | -        |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime    | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 930 mg/kg    | -        |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate  | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg      | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 1.22 g/kg    | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name     | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone      | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams          | -           |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams | -           |
|                             | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams          | -           |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime       | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 microliters         | -           |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name               | OSHA | IARC | NTP  |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|--|
| Carbon Black                          | -    | 2B   | -  |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | -    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen.                  |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate               | -    | 2B   | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                        | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride    | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | Inhalation        | Not determined |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                        | Result                         |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

**Section 12. Ecological information**

**Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name     | Result                              | Species                    | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone      | Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna    | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water      | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | Acute EC50 >930 ppm Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna    | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute LC50 7500000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime       | Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF        | Potential |
|--------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate | -                  | 2.96       | low       |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime    | -                  | 2.5 to 5.8 | low       |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate  | -                  | 15600      | high      |

### Mobility in soil






**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | DOT<br>Classification  | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA   | IMDG   |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | III  | III  | III  | III  | III  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
|                                   |  |  |  |  |  |

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 11/3/2017 **Date of previous issue** : 10/25/2017 **Version** : 10.01 12/15

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               |   |  |                                |                                     |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Additional information</b> | This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128 | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, S-E |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

**Special precautions for user :** Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code :** Not available.

**Proper shipping name :** Not available.  
**Ship type :** Not available.  
**Pollution category :** Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

**California Prop. 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 2 |
| Flammability     |   | 2 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

## Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3   | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

### History

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**Version** : 10.01

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

K09202

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® RUST TOUGH® Enamel (aerosol)  
Gloss Black

**Product code** : K09202

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 W. Prospect Avenue  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 457-9566  
Mexico: Not Available

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 39.1%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 68.8%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 73.8%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Date of issue/Date of revision** :

10/19/2017

**Date of previous issue** :

10/10/2017

**Version** : 6

1/17

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Precautionary statements**
- General** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.
- CAS number/other identifiers**



## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                   | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Acetone                           | 25.6        | 67-64-1    |
| Propane                           | 19.04       | 74-98-6    |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | 13.88       | 123-86-4   |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 10.05       | 64742-89-8 |
| Butane                            | 8.96        | 106-97-8   |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate          | 4.11        | 763-69-9   |
| Xylene                            | 1.4         | 1330-20-7  |
| Carbon Black                      | 0.92        | 1333-86-4  |
| Ethylbenzene                      | 0.34        | 100-41-4   |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| Acetone                                     | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Propane                                     | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>  |
| n-Butyl Acetate                             | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Butane | <p>None.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p>   |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate<br>Xylene          | <p>None.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Carbon Black                                | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p>   |
| Ethylbenzene                                | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
 STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).**  
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Acetone         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEV: 2380 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Propane         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p>   |
| n-Butyl Acetate | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Butane

STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.  
STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Acetone         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| n-Butyl Acetate | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Xylene          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| Ethylbenzene    | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                               |

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 7
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 12.8%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.74
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

### Aerosol product

- Type of aerosol** : Spray
- Heat of combustion** : 29.369 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Acetone                  | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg               | -        |
|                          | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg             | -        |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg              | -        |
|                          | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| Butane                   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3200 mg/kg               | -        |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
| Xylene                   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg               | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | >15400 mg/kg             | -        |
| Carbon Black             | LD50 Oral             | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg              | -        |
| Ethylbenzene             | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                          | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg               | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                 | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Acetone                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams   | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams            | -           |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
| Xylene                   | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams            | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams    | -           |
| Ethylbenzene             | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters   | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams  | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent              | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams           | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 milligrams   | -           |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Xylene                  | -    | 3    | -   |
| Carbon Black            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Acetone                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Propane                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects                                  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Acetone                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene                      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - redness
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route              | ATE value     |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Oral               | 37760.1 mg/kg |
| Dermal             | 24407.6 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 93417.2 ppm   |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name           | Result                              | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acetone                           | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex            | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water     | Fish - Poecilia reticulata              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                    | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae                | 21 days  |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 21 days  |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 4 weeks  |
|                                   | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia salina            | 48 hours |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water  | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
| Xylene                            | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water    | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name           | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |
| Xylene                            | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.






Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | <b>DOT<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>TDG<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>Mexico<br/>Classification</b>   | <b>IATA</b>  | <b>IMDG</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.  
**Ship type** : Not available.  
**Pollution category** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [SARA 313](#)

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### [California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Section 16. Other information

### [Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 2 |
| Flammability     |   | 3 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

### [History](#)

**Date of printing** : 10/19/2017

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 10/19/2017

**Date of previous issue** : 10/10/2017

**Version** : 6

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### [Notice to reader](#)

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

K09206

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KRYLON® RUST TOUGH® Enamel (aerosol)  
Battleship Gray

**Product code** : K09206

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : Krylon Products Group  
101 W. Prospect Avenue  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 457-9566  
Mexico: Not Available

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 46.8%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 70%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 72%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger



## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Precautionary statements**
- General** : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.
- CAS number/other identifiers**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                   | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Propane                           | 20.4        | 74-98-6    |
| Acetone                           | 19.13       | 67-64-1    |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | 11.68       | 123-86-4   |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 10.01       | 64742-89-8 |
| Butane                            | 9.6         | 106-97-8   |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | 5.52        | 13463-67-7 |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate          | 4           | 763-69-9   |
| Barium Sulfate                    | 1.51        | 7727-43-7  |
| Xylene                            | 1.4         | 1330-20-7  |
| Ethylbenzene                      | 0.34        | 100-41-4   |
| Carbon Black                      | 0.22        | 1333-86-4  |
| Unsaturated Fatty Acids           | 0.12        |            |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate        | 0.1         | 22464-99-9 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
sulfur oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| Propane                                     | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Acetone                                     | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| n-Butyl Acetate                             | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Butane | None.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  |
| Titanium Dioxide                            | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br>TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust   |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate<br>Barium Sulfate  | None.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Xylene  | <p>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br/> TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |
| Ethylbenzene  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Carbon Black  | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p>  |
| Unsaturated Fatty Acids<br>Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | <p>None.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 10 hours.<br/> STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</p>   |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Propane         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/> TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/> STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Acetone         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>   |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

n-Butyl Acetate

8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.  
 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
 TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.  
 STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
 TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  
 STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWAEV: 1190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
 STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  
 STEV: 2380 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.

Butane

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.  
 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
 TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
 TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.  
 STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWAEV: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
 STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
 STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
 TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.  
 STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).**  
 TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  
 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).**  
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene               | <p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>           15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>           TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>           STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/>           8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br/>           15 min OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</b><br/>           TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br/>           STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>           TWAEV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.<br/>           STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</b><br/>           STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.<br/>           TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</p>   |

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Acetone         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Xylene          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                          |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethylbenzene

Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.

STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Not available.

**Odor** : Not available.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : 7

**Melting point** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Boiling point</b>                                | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]         |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b> | : Lower: 0.9%<br>Upper: 12.8%                                     |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]                                 |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | : 1.55 [Air = 1]  |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | : 0.77  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                   | : Not available.  |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>       | : Not available.  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| <b>Molecular weight</b>                             | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Aerosol product</b>                              |   |
| <b>Type of aerosol</b>                              | : Spray   |
| <b>Heat of combustion</b>                           | : 27.82 kJ/g  |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.   |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| <b>Product/ingredient name</b> | <b>Result</b>         | <b>Species</b> | <b>Dose</b>              | <b>Exposure</b> |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Acetone<br>n-Butyl Acetate     | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 5800 mg/kg               | -               |
|                                | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit         | >17600 mg/kg             | -               |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 10768 mg/kg              | -               |
| Butane                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat            | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours         |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 3200 mg/kg               | -               |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate       | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat            | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours         |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 4300 mg/kg               | -               |
| Ethylbenzene                   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit         | >5000 mg/kg              | -               |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | 3500 mg/kg               | -               |
| Carbon Black                   | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | >15400 mg/kg             | -               |
|                                | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit         | >5 g/kg                  | -               |
|                                | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | >5 g/kg                  | -               |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate     | LD50 Oral             | Rat            | >5 g/kg                  | -               |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

|                                       |   |                               |             |                |     |       |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----|-------|
| <b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b> | : 1/15/2018   | <b>Date of previous issue</b> | : 11/8/2017 | <b>Version</b> | : 6 | 11/18 |
| K09206                                | KRYLON® RUST TOUGH® Enamel (aerosol)<br>Battleship Gray |                               |             |                |     |       |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                             | Observation |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Acetone                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million             | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters                       | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams               | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams                        | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
| n-Butyl Acetate          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395 milligrams                       | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 milligrams                       | -           |
| Titanium Dioxide         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | -           |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
| Xylene                   | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams                        | -           |
|                          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams                | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters               | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
|                          | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent                          | -           |
| Ethylbenzene             | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams                       | -           |
|                          | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 milligrams               | -           |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Titanium Dioxide        | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Xylene                  | -    | 3    | -   |
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Carbon Black            | -    | 2B   | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Propane                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Acetone                           | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects                                  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene                            | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation                      |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Propane                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Acetone                           | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene                            | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene                            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene                      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 respiratory tract irritation  
 coughing  
 nausea or vomiting  
 headache  
 drowsiness/fatigue  
 dizziness/vertigo  
 unconsciousness  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 irritation  
 redness  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 nausea or vomiting  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

| <b>Route</b>       | <b>ATE value</b> |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Oral               | 33721.9 mg/kg    |
| Dermal             | 23525.3 mg/kg    |
| Inhalation (gases) | 99536.6 ppm      |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name           | Result                                | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acetone                           | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex            | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water       | Fish - Poecilia reticulata              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water   | Algae - Ulva pertusa                    | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Daphniidae                | 21 days  |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 21 days  |
| n-Butyl Acetate                   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 4 weeks  |
|                                   | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water       | Crustaceans - Artemia salina            | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                                   |                                       |   |          |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 634 mg/l Fresh water       | Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa         | 48 hours |
| Barium Sulfate                    | Acute EC50 32000 µg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
| Xylene                            | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water      | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                                   |                                       |   |          |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| n-Butyl Acetate         | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name           | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |
| Xylene                            | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate        | -                  | 2.96        | low       |

### Mobility in soil






Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | <b>DOT<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>TDG<br/>Classification</b>  | <b>Mexico<br/>Classification</b>   | <b>IATA</b>  | <b>IMDG</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.  
**Ship type** : Not available.  
**Pollution category** : Not available.



## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [SARA 313](#)

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### [California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Section 16. Other information

### [Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 2 |
| Flammability     |   | 3 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

### [History](#)

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### [Notice to reader](#)

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

K20829007

## Section 1. Identification

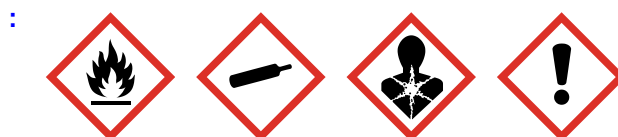
|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Product name</b>   | : KRYLON® Industrial RUST TOUGH® UTILI-COAT™ Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol) Gray Primer                        |
| <b>Product code</b>   | : K20829007  |
| <b>Other means of identification</b>  | : Not available.   |
| <b>Product type</b>   | : Aerosol.   |
| <b><u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u></b> |  |
| Paint or paint related material.  |  |
| <b>Manufacturer</b>   | : Krylon Products Group<br>101 Prospect Avenue NW<br>Cleveland, OH 44115   |
| <b>National contact</b>   | : Krylon Products Group<br>180 Brunel Road<br>Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada                                |
| <b>Emergency telephone number of the company</b>  | : US/Canada: (216) 566-2917<br>Mexico: CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531. Available 24 hours and 365 days per year |
| <b>Product Information Telephone Number</b>   | : US/Canada: (800) 247-3266<br>Mexico: Not Available   |
| <b>Regulatory Information Telephone Number</b>  | : US/Canada: (216) 566-2902<br>Mexico: Not Available   |
| <b>Transportation Emergency Telephone Number</b>  | : US/Canada: (800) 424-9300<br>Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year     |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b> | : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1<br>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br><br>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 26.2%<br>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 65.8%<br>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 68.4% |
|---|---|

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

: Danger

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1/18

K20829007

KRYLON® Industrial RUST TOUGH® UTILI-COAT™ Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol) Gray Primer

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name                     | % by weight | CAS number |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Acetone                             | 38.5        | 67-64-1    |
| Propane                             | 13.6        | 74-98-6    |
| Ethylbenzene                        | 9.89        | 100-41-4   |
| Dimethyl Carbonate                  | 9           | 616-38-6   |
| Butane                              | 6.4         | 106-97-8   |
| Talc                                | 5.44        | 14807-96-6 |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol                 | 1.52        | 78-83-1    |
| Titanium Dioxide                    | 1.31        | 13463-67-7 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent   | 1.14        | 64742-89-8 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.14        | 64742-49-0 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 1.09        | 68410-97-9 |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | 0.29        | 1330-20-7  |
| Heptane                             | 0.11        | 142-82-5   |

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KRYLON® Industrial RUST TOUGH® UTILI-COAT™ Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol)  
Gray Primer

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

|        |      |          |
|--------|------|----------|
| Octane | 0.11 | 111-65-9 |
|--------|------|----------|

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Gray Primer

**SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA**



## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name   | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| Acetone   | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |
| Propane   | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].</b></p>  |
| Ethylbenzene  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |
| Dimethyl Carbonate<br>Butane  | <p>None.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p>   |
| Talc  | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p>  |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol   | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/>TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.<br/>TWA: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>                                    |
| Titanium Dioxide  | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p>  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Xylene mixed isomers | <p>None.<br/>None.<br/>None.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| Heptane | <p>STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 1640 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 2050 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |
| Octane  | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 75 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> CEIL: 385 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> CEIL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 300 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 2350 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>   |

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Acetone         | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/> 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/> TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.<br/> STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/> TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWAEV: 1190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEV: 2380 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/> STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Normal propane  | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</b><br/> TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/> TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWAEV: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b></p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethylbenzene

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**  
 TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**  
 TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
 STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
 STEV: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Butane

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**  
 TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.  
 STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
 TWAEV: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**  
 TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  
 TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Talc (none asbestiform)

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**  
 TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable  
 TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours.  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**  
 TWAEV: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:  
 Respirable dust.  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**  
 TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable  
 fraction.  
 TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours.  
**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:  
 Respirable particulate  
**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**  
 TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable  
 fraction

Isobutyl alcohol

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**  
 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.  
 8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Titanium dioxide

6/2017).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).**

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).**

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).**

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| Acetone         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Propane         | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Ethylbenzene    | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                               |
| Butane          | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                             |

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K20829007

KRYLON® Industrial RUST TOUGH® UTILI-COAT™ Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol)  
Gray Primer

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

2-methylpropan-1-ol

NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 7
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

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Gray Primer

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b> | : Lower: 0.9%<br>Upper: 12.8%                                     |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]                                 |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | : 1.55 [Air = 1]  |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | : 0.81  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                   | : Not available.  |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>       | : Not available.  |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| <b>Molecular weight</b>                             | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Aerosol product</b>                              |   |
| <b>Type of aerosol</b>                              | : Spray   |
| <b>Heat of combustion</b>                           | : 28.421 kJ/g   |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.   |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).   |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name             | Result                | Species | Dose                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Acetone                             | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg               | -        |
| Ethylbenzene                        | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                                     | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg               | -        |
| Dimethyl Carbonate                  | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                  | -        |
|                                     | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 13 g/kg                  | -        |
| Butane                              | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | 4 hours  |
|                                     | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg               | -        |
|                                     | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 2460 mg/kg               | -        |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5.17 g/kg                | -        |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm                 | 4 hours  |
|                                     | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg               | -        |
| Heptane                             | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 48000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                     | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 103 g/m <sup>3</sup>     | 4 hours  |
| Octane                              | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 25260 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                     | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 118 g/m <sup>3</sup>     | 4 hours  |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                             | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Acetone                 | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 186300 parts per million             | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 10 microliters                       | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 milligrams               | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams                        | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
| Ethylbenzene            | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395 milligrams                       | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 milligrams                       | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15 milligrams               | -           |
| Talc                    | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | -           |
| Titanium Dioxide        | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | -           |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams                        | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 milligrams                | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 microliters               | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams              | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent                          | -           |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Talc                    | -    | 3    | -   |
| Titanium Dioxide        | -    | 2B   | -   |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -    | 3    | -   |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|----------|-------------------|---------------|
|      |          |                   |               |



## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                                     |            |                 |   |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| Acetone                             | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Propane                             | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Ethylbenzene                        | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Butane                              | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol                 | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent   | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Heptane                             | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Octane                              | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Acetone                             | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane                             | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Ethylbenzene                        | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane                              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Talc                                | Category 1 | Inhalation        | lungs          |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol                 | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent   | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Heptane                             | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Octane                              | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                                | Result                         |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Propane                             | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene                        | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Butane                              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent   | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Heptane                             | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Octane                              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - pain or irritation
  - watering
  - redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - respiratory tract irritation
  - coughing
  - nausea or vomiting
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - unconsciousness
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - nausea or vomiting
  - reduced fetal weight
  - increase in fetal deaths
  - skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

Not available.

- General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route               | ATE value     |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Oral                | 21408.1 mg/kg |
| Dermal              | 76240.5 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 32.26 mg/l    |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name           | Result                                | Species                                 | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acetone                           | Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Selenastrum sp.                 | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex            | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water       | Fish - Poecilia reticulata              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water   | Algae - Ulva pertusa                    | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Daphniidae                | 21 days  |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 21 days  |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 4 weeks  |
|                                   | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia sp. - Nauplii     | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol               | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water      | Crustaceans - Artemia salina            | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate       | 48 hours |
| Titanium Dioxide                  | Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                 | 21 days  |
|                                   | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus            | 96 hours |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Xylene mixed isomers                  | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio        | 48 hours |
| Heptane                           | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas              | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 375000 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus          | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| 2-Methyl-1-propanol     | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene mixed isomers    | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name             | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent   | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | high      |
| Xylene mixed isomers                | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Heptane                             | -                  | 552         | high      |
| Octane                              | -                  | 198.7       | low       |

### Mobility in soil






**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | DOT Classification   | TDG Classification   | Mexico Classification  | IATA   | IMDG   |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS, flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br>   | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> | 2.1<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 1/21/2019

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: 12/10/2018

Version : 9

16/18

K20829007

KRYLON® Industrial RUST TOUGH® UTILI-COAT™ Rust Preventive Enamel (Aerosol)  
Gray Primer

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.  
**Ship type** : Not available.  
**Pollution category** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

**International lists** :

- Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
- China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ENCS)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
- Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.
- Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
- Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
- Thailand inventory**: Not determined.
- Turkey inventory**: Not determined.
- Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 4 |
| Physical hazards |   | 3 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1  | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -                        | Calculation method    |

## Section 16. Other information

|  |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| Category 3<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category<br>1 | Calculation method |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method |

### History

**Date of printing** : 1/21/2019

**Date of issue/Date of  
revision** : 1/21/2019

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**Version** : 9

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973  
as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## State Industrial Products

5915 Landerbrook Drive  
Mayfield Heights, OH 44124  
To Order Call: 1-866-747-2229

6935 Davand Drive  
Mississauga, Ontario L5T 1L5  
To Order Call: 1-800-668-6513

Royal Industrial Park, Bldg "M"  
Local #5, Carr 869, km 1.5 Palmas  
Cataño, P.R. 00962  
To Order Call: 787-275-3185



## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: QUICKMARK MARKING PAINT ORANGE  
Product Description: A formulated aerosol marking paint.  
EPA Registration Number: NA

24 Hour Emergency CHEMTREC Number: 800-424-9300  
MSDS Number: 124822  
EPA Establishment Number: NA

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### \*\*\*EMERGENCY OVERVIEW\*\*\*

FIFRA Hazard Classification:

Not Applicable

Acute toxicity; oral: Category 4  
Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 3  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2A  
Sensitisation, respiratory: Category 1, 1A, 1B  
Compressed Gas, Liquified Gas, Dissolved Gas  
Aerosols: Category 1



Compressed  
Gas

Exclamation  
Mark

Flame

DANGER

Hazard Statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H316 Causes mild skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Precautionary Statements:

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. P261 Avoid breathing vapors. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. No smoking. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P284 Wear respiratory protection.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Hazardous Ingredients | CAS Number | Weight | ACGIH   | OSHA    |
|-----------------------|------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Calcium Carbonate     | 1317-65-3  | <10%   | NE      | NE      |
| VM&P Naphtha          | 64742-89-8 | <5%    | NE      | NE      |
| Petroleum Distillates | 64742-47-8 |        | 200 ppm | NE      |
| Xylene                | 1330-20-7  | <10%   | 100 ppm | 100 ppm |
| Isobutane             | 75-28-5    | <30%   | 800 ppm | 800 ppm |
| Ethylbenzene          | 100-41-4   | <5%    | 100 ppm | 100 ppm |
| Propane               | 74-98-8    | <20%   | NE      | NE      |

”

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER. P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P332+P313 IF SKIN irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint(Method): Propellent < 0°F.

Lower Explosive Limit(LEL): 0.9 Upper Explosive Limit(UEL): 12.8 Autoignition Temperature: NA

Flammable Properties: Keep away from heat, flames, sparks or other sources of ignition. May form flammable mixtures with air when heated to flash point.

Improper handling of solvent soaked rags can cause spontaneous combustion. Before disposal, wash rags with soap and water and dry in well-ventilated area or store in a fireproof container with no other flammable or combustible materials present.

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Contains oil, water is not effective in fire fighting.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Ventilate area. Halt spill at source, dike and contain spill. Flush with plenty of water to drain. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State and Local Regulations regarding waste disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. P402 Store in dry place. P405 Store locked up.



## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use general or local ventilation to keep exposure levels below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment: Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when soldering in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure

Respiratory: Normal room ventilation is adequate. Use a NIOSH/MHSA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded.

Eye: Wear approved safety glasses or goggles with unperforated eyeshields where splashing may occur.

Skin: For repeated or prolonged contact, wear chemically impervious gloves such as Nitrile.

Other: An emergency eyewash station or source of clean potable water should be available in case of accidental eye contact.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Color of cap.

Physical State: Liquid Aerosol

Solubility in Water: NA

Boiling Point: 180 - 220°F [82-104°C]

Freezing Point: NA

Melting Point: NA

Odor: Aromatic Odor

pH: NA

Diluted pH: NA

Specific Gravity: 0.81

VOC Content: NA

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Do not mix with any other chemicals.

Incompatibility: Do not mix with cationic disinfectant or sanitizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains no ingredient at 0.1% or greater that is listed as a human carcinogen.

| <u>Hazardous Ingredients</u> | <u>CAS Number</u> | <u>LD50</u>             | <u>LC50</u>                       |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Calcium Carbonate            | 1317-65-3         | NE                      | NE                                |
| VM&P Naphtha                 | 64742-89-8        | NE                      | NE                                |
| Petroleum Distillates        | 64742-47-8        | > 5000 mg/kg (oral rat) | > 2500 ppm/4 hr (rat)             |
| Xylene                       | 1330-20-7         | 4.3 g/kg (oral rat)     | 6350 ppm/4 hr (rat)               |
| Isobutane                    | 75-28-5           | NE                      | 658 mg/l/4 hr (rat)               |
| Ethylbenzene                 | 100-41-4          | 3500 mg/kg (oral rat)   | 12.1 mg/l/96 hr (flathead minnow) |
| Propane                      | 74-98-8           | NE                      | NE                                |

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is toxic to fish.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

P501 Dispose of container in accordance with all Federal, State and Local Regulations regarding waste disposal.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Data: Limited Quantity

Canadian TDG: Shipped in accordance with 49 CFR as part of a transborder shipment authorized under Section 5.2 (1) of the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods.

For International Shipments by Air: Aerosols, Flammable, 2.1, UN1950.

For International Shipments by Vessel: NA

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA: All ingredients in this product are listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

CEPA: All ingredients in this product are listed or exempt from listing on the Canadian DSL/NDSL.

Proposition 65: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm: Ethylbenzene (CAS# 100-41-4), Benzene (CAS# 71-43-2)

SARA 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372.65C): Ethylbenzene (CAS# 100-41-4), Xylene (CAS# 1330-20-7), Toluene (CAS# 108-88-3).

VOC: NA

HMIS RATING: HEALTH = 2 FLAMMABILITY = 4 REACTIVITY = 0 PPE = A

WHMIS RATING: Class B, Division 5; Class D, Division 2b

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NA = Not Available or Not Applicable

NE = Not Established

Read and follow all label directions and precautions before using the product. This product is intended for industrial and institutional use only. NOT FOR HOUSEHOLD USE OR RESALE. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. While we believe that the data contained herein is factual and the opinions expressed are those of qualified experts, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which the company assumes legal responsibility. They are offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and Local Laws and regulations.

## Paint Thinner

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Product Identifier</b>               | Paint Thinner   |
| <b>Other Means of Identification</b>    | 13-221, 13-224, 13-228, 13-321, 13-324, 13-324HD,, 13-324TAR, 13-325, 13-328, 13-341, 13-344, 13-371, 13-374, 13-374HD, 13-375, 14-534, 14-534IMDG, 14-535, 14-538, 14-538UN, 14-573, 23-229, 23-329, 23-329UN, 23-379, 23-379-M, 24-539, 24-539-1000, 33-319UFA, 33-321ACE, 33-321D, 33-321FSEXP, 33-321H, 33-321PAEXP, 33-321PLYEXP, 33-321PP, 33-321RONA, 33-324ACE, 33-324CL, 33-324D, 33-324FSEXP-PRO, 33-324H, 33-324PAEXP-PRO, 33-324PLYX-PRO, 33-324PP, 33-324RONA, 33-324TH, 33-325FSEXP-PRO, 33-325PAEXP-PRO, 33-325PP, 33-326PLYX-PRO, 33-328FSEXP-PRO, 33-328PAEXP-PRO, 33-328PLYX-PRO, 33-328UNI, 33-371H, 33-374H, 33-375H, 34-531C, 34-531FSEXP, 34-531H, 34-531PAEXP, 34-531WDS, 34-534C, 34-534FSEXP-PRO, 34-534H, 34-534PAEXP-PRO, 34-534PLYX-PRO, 34-534RONA, 34-534WDS, 34-535C, 34-535FSEXP-PRO, 34-535H, 34-535PAEXP-PRO, 34-535PLYX-PRO, 34-535RONA, 34-535STE, 34-535WDS, 34-538FSEXP-PRO, 34-538H, 34-538PAEXP, 34-538PAEXP-PRO, 34-538PLYX-PRO, 34-539UFA, 34-573C-CL, 34-573H, 34-574HH, 83-228, 83-229, 83-321, 83-324, 83-326, 83-328, 83-341, 83-344, 84-534, 84-535, 84-538, 84-539, 14-802, 14-804, 34-802SI, 84-802, 84-802ISR, 84-804ISR, 34-803WDS, 34-802WDS, 34-804WDS, 34-802SIEXP, 13-348LAU, 14-402, 14-535UFA, 14-802EXP, 34-802SIB40, 24-539LAU, 24-539U/N, 33-228FN, 33-324ZIPEXP, 34-573WDS-CL, 83-229-40, 83-329SHER, 83-329DU, 84-538-40, 84-539-40 |
| <b>Other Identification</b>             | Solvent, Varsol, Citronella, Charcoal Lighter Fluid, Kerosene, Lamp Oil, Mineral Spirits  |
| <b>Recommended Use</b>                  | Please refer to Product label.  |
| <b>Restrictions on Use</b>              | None known.   |
| <b>Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier</b> | Recochem Inc., 850 Montee de Liesse, Montreal, QC, H4T 1P4, Compliance and Regulatory Department, 905-878-5544, www.recochem.com  |
| <b>Emergency Phone No.</b>              | CANUTEC, 613-996-6666, 24 Hours   |
| <b>SDS No.</b>                          | 1777  |

### SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification

Flammable liquid - Category 3; Skin irritation - Category 2; Eye irritation - Category 2A; Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 1B; Carcinogenicity - Category 1B; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2; Aspiration hazard - Category 1; Aquatic hazard (Chronic) - Category 2

#### Label Elements



Signal Word:  
Danger

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Hazard Statement(s):

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| H226        | Flammable liquid and vapour.   |
| H304        | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  |
| H315 + H320 | Causes skin and eye irritation.  |
| H335        | May cause respiratory irritation.  |
| H336        | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| H340        | May cause genetic defects.   |
| H350        | May cause cancer.  |
| H373        | May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. |
| H411        | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

|      |  |
|------|--|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use.  |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.                      |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed.   |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.   |
| P241 | Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.                           |
| P242 | Use only non-sparking tools.   |
| P243 | Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  |
| P260 | Do not breathe fume, mist, vapours, spray.   |
| P264 | Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.   |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment.  |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.                                       |

Response:

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| P301 + P310        | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.  |
| P331               | Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
| P303 + P361 + P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.                           |
| P312               | Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| P332 + P313        | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  |
| P362 + P364        | Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.   |
| P304 + P340        | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.   |
| P312               | Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P312               | Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| P337 + P313        | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.   |
| P370 + P378        | In case of fire: Use appropriate foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, water spray or fog to extinguish.                    |
| P391               | Collect spillage.  |

Storage:

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Note:

1-5  
. % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

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## Other Hazards

None known.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:

| Chemical Name          | CAS No.   | %      | Other Identifiers                              | Other Names |
|------------------------|-----------|--------|--|-------------|
| Stoddard solvent       | 8052-41-3 | 80-100 |  |             |
| n-Nonane               | 111-84-2  | 1-5    | Constituent<br>Contained in<br>Complex Mixture |             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6   | 1-5    | Constituent<br>Contained in<br>Complex Mixture |             |
| Naphthalene            | 91-20-3   | 0.1-1  | Constituent<br>Contained in<br>Complex Mixture |             |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 0.1-1  | Constituent<br>Contained in<br>Complex Mixture |             |
| Ethylbenzene           | 100-41-4  | 0.1-1  | Constituent<br>Contained in<br>Complex Mixture |             |

### Notes

Use of Generic SDS:

If the concentration or actual concentration range of an ingredient of a particular hazardous product in the series is different from the concentration or actual concentration range disclosed for the rest of the series, either the concentration or the actual concentration range must be indicated beside that ingredient under item 3 (Composition/Information on ingredients) of the SDS. Furthermore, if any other specific information element(s) (such as flash point, numerical measure of toxicity, etc.) for a particular hazardous product in the series differs from that of the other products in the series (without affecting the classification), the information element relevant to that hazardous product must be disclosed on the SDS with an indication to which hazardous product each relates.

Source: Health Canada - Technical Guidance on the Requirements of the Hazardous Products Act and the Hazardous Products Regulations WHMIS 2015 Supplier Requirements - pg 117

## SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

### First-aid Measures

#### Inhalation

Take precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell.

#### Skin Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing if necessary. Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice or attention. Thoroughly clean clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or dispose of safely.

#### Eye Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves if necessary. Quickly and gently blot or brush chemical off the face. Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice or attention.

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## Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth if person is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side in the recovery position. Rinse mouth with water again. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should immediately begin rescue breathing. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor.

## Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

### Target Organs

Eyes, skin, respiratory system.

### Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Dermatitis.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Extinguishing Media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Flammable liquid and vapour. Can ignite at room temperature. Releases vapour that can form explosive mixture with air. Can be ignited by static discharge. Can accumulate static charge by flow, splashing or agitation. Liquid can float on water and may travel to distant locations and/or spread fire. See Section 9 (Physical and Chemical Properties) for flash point and explosive limits. Closed containers may rupture violently when heated releasing contents.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: irritating chemicals; toxic chemicals; very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

### Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Review Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) for important information on responding to leaks/spills. See Skin Protection in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for advice on suitable chemical protective materials.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

No special precautions are necessary. Evacuate downwind locations. Use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Increase ventilation to area or move leaking container to a well-ventilated and secure area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use grounded, explosion-proof equipment.

### Environmental Precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

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## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for Safe Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control Parameters

| Chemical Name          | ACGIH TLV® |                 | OSHA PEL |                 | AIHA WEEL |     |
|------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----|
|                        | TWA        | STEL            | TWA      | Ceiling         | 8-hr TWA  | TWA |
| Stoddard solvent       | 100 ppm    | Not established | 100 ppm  | Not established |           |     |
| Naphthalene            | 10 ppm A3  | Not established | 10 ppm   | 15 ppm          |           |     |
| n-Nonane               | 200 ppm    | Not established | 200 ppm  | Not established |           |     |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 25 ppm     | Not established | 25 ppm   | Not established |           |     |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 100 ppm    | 150 ppm         | 100 ppm  | 150 ppm         |           |     |
| Ethylbenzene           | 100 ppm    | 125 ppm         | 100 ppm  | 125 ppm         |           |     |

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

General ventilation is usually adequate. For large scale use of this product: use local exhaust ventilation, if general ventilation is not adequate to control amount in the air. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored. Control static electricity discharges which includes bonding of equipment to ground. Use only non-combustible, compatible materials for walls, floors, ventilation system, air cleaning devices, pallets, shelving. Provide eyewash and safety shower if contact or splash hazard exists.

### Individual Protection Measures

#### Eye/Face Protection

Wear chemical safety goggles.

#### Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

#### Respiratory Protection

Not normally required if product is used as directed. For non-routine or emergency situations: wear a NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                       | Available in these colours: Clear, Yellow, Gold, Red, Blue, Green, Amber, Pink, Orange, Purple, White, Brown. |
| <b>Odour</b>  | Hydrocarbon   |
| <b>Odour Threshold</b>                                  | Not available   |
| <b>pH</b>   | Not available   |
| <b>Melting Point/Freezing Point</b>                     | -76 °C (-105 °F) (melting); -76 °C (-105 °F) (freezing)   |
| <b>Initial Boiling Point/Range</b>                      | 159 - 195 °C (318 - 383 °F)   |
| <b>Flash Point</b>                                      | 43 °C (109 °F) (closed cup)   |
| <b>Evaporation Rate</b>                                 | 0.1 (n-butyl acetate = 1)   |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                        | Not applicable  |
| <b>Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit</b>      | 5.6% (upper); 0.8% (lower)  |
| <b>Vapour Pressure</b>                                  | 3.98 - 4.50 mm Hg (0.53 - 0.60 kPa) at 25 °C  |
| <b>Vapour Density (air = 1)</b>                         | 5   |
| <b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>                     | 0.788 at 15 °C  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                       | Insoluble in water; Not available (in other liquids)  |
| <b>Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)</b> | Not available   |
| <b>Auto-ignition Temperature</b>                        | 260 °C (500 °F)   |
| <b>Decomposition Temperature</b>                        | Not available   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>  | 1.21 centistokes at 25 °C (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)  |
| <b>Other Information</b>                                |   |
| <b>Physical State</b>                                   | Liquid  |
| <b>Molecular Weight</b>                                 | Not applicable  |
| <b>Other Physical Property 1</b>                        | Additional Appearance: Clear Yellow Liquid  |

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

None known.

### Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None known.

### Conditions to Avoid

Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources. Temperatures above 43.0 °C (109.4 °F)

### Incompatible Materials

Reacts explosively with: strong oxidizing agents (e.g. perchloric acid).

Not corrosive to metals.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Likely Routes of Exposure

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Skin contact; eye contact; inhalation.

### Acute Toxicity

| Chemical Name          | LC50  | LD50 (oral)       | LD50 (dermal)          |
|------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| Stoddard solvent       | > 5500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat) (4-hour exposure)    | 5000 mg/kg (rat)  | > 3000 mg/kg (rabbit)  |
| Naphthalene            | 739.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat) (4-hour exposure)     | 316 mg/kg (mouse) | > 20000 mg/kg (rabbit) |
| n-Nonane               | 3200 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)                    | 15 g/kg (rat)     | Not available          |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)                       | 5000 mg/kg (rat)  | Not available          |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 6350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (male rat) (4-hour exposure) | 3523 mg/kg (rat)  | > 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)  |
| Ethylbenzene           | 4400 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)                    | 3500 mg/kg (rat)  | 15380 mg/kg (rabbit)   |

LC50: Not applicable.

LD50 (oral): Not applicable.

LD50 (dermal): Not applicable.

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Animal tests show moderate or severe irritation.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Human experience shows mild irritation. The vapour also irritates the eyes.

### STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause depression of the central nervous system. Symptoms may include headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness and confusion. Nose and throat irritation. At high concentrations.

#### Skin Absorption

No information was located.

#### Ingestion

Not harmful based on animal tests.

### Aspiration Hazard

Can cause lung damage if aspirated based on human experience. Death can result.

### STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Causes damage to organs based on studies in people. If inhaled: effects similar to STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure, as described above, effects on the central nervous system, "organic solvent syndrome".

Causes Following skin contact: dermatitis. Symptoms may include dry, red, cracked skin (dermatitis). effects similar to STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure, as described above.

May cause damage to organs based on limited evidence. If inhaled and/or following skin contact: at high concentrations harmful effects on the kidneys, harmful effects on the liver.

May cause damage to organs based on limited evidence. If inhaled and/or following skin contact: blood tests may show abnormal results.

### Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

No information was located. No information was located.

### Carcinogenicity

| Chemical Name    | IARC     | ACGIH®         | NTP                    | OSHA       |
|------------------|----------|----------------|------------------------|------------|
| Stoddard solvent | Group 3  | Not designated | Not Listed             | Not Listed |
| Naphthalene      | Group 2B | A3             | Reasonably anticipated | Not Listed |

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|                        |            |                |            |            |
|------------------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| n-Nonane               | Not Listed | Not designated | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Not Listed | Not designated | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | Group 3    | A4             | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Ethylbenzene           | Group 2B   | A3             | Not Listed | Not Listed |

### Reproductive Toxicity

#### Development of Offspring

Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.

#### Sexual Function and Fertility

No information was located.

#### Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

May be mutagenic based on limited evidence. (Stoddard solvent)

### Interactive Effects

No information was located.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This section is not required by WHMIS.

This section is not required by OSHA HCS 2012.

### Ecotoxicity

#### Acute Aquatic Toxicity

| Chemical Name          | LC50 Fish   | EC50 Crustacea                                  | ErC50 Aquatic Plants | ErC50 Algae |
|------------------------|---|---|----------------------|-------------|
| Stoddard solvent       | Not available   | Not available                                   |                      |             |
| Naphthalene            | 0.9-9.8 mg/L<br>(Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout); 96-hour; fresh water) | Not available                                   |                      |             |
| n-Nonane               | Not available   | Not available                                   |                      |             |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 7.72 mg/L<br>(Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); 96-hour)                | Not available                                   |                      |             |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 13.4 mg/L<br>(Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout); 96-hour; fresh water)    | 150 mg/L (Daphnia magna (water flea))           |                      |             |
| Ethylbenzene           | 88.00 mg/L<br>(Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow); 96-hour)               | 2.90 mg/L (Daphnia magna (water flea); 48-hour) |                      |             |

#### Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

| Chemical Name    | NOEC Fish                 | EC50 Fish | NOEC Crustacea | EC50 Crustacea |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Stoddard solvent | Not available             |           | Not available  |                |
| Naphthalene      | 1.8 mg/L<br>(Oncorhynchus |           | Not available  |                |

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|                        |  |  |               |  |
|------------------------|--|--|---------------|--|
|                        | mykiss (rainbow trout); 3 days; fresh water) |  |               |  |
| n-Nonane               | Not available                                |  | Not available |  |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Not available                                |  | Not available |  |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | Not available                                |  | Not available |  |
| Ethylbenzene           | Not available                                |  | Not available |  |

#### Persistence and Degradability

No information was located.

#### Bioaccumulative Potential

No information was located.

#### Mobility in Soil

No information was located.

#### Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Disposal Methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| Regulation   | UN No. | Proper Shipping Name          | Transport Hazard Class(es) | Packing Group |
|--------------|--------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Canadian TDG | 1268   | PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. | 3                          | III           |
| US DOT       | 1268   | PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. | 3                          | III           |

**Environmental Hazards** Potential Marine Pollutant (1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)

**Special Precautions** Please note: In containers of 450 L or less this product is not classified as a Dangerous Good according to TDG Exemption 1.33  
In containers of 450L or less, this product meets the requirements of DOT exemption as per 49 CFR, section 173.150 (f).

#### Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

#### Proof of Dangerous Goods Classification

**Date of Classification** January 13, 2017  
**Technical Name** PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.  
**Classification** 3 PG III  
**Classification Method** Flashpoint as per Section 9

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

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## Canada

### Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

## USA

### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

### Additional USA Regulatory Lists

California Proposition 65:

WARNING: Cancer - [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/product](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/product).

## Custom Regulatory 1

Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 General Conformity Certification

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product container.

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**SDS Prepared By** Compliance and Regulatory Department

**Phone No.** 905-878-5544

**Date of Preparation** May 08, 2017

**References** CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).

**Additional Information** We are committed to uphold the Industry Consumer Ingredient Communication Voluntary Initiative.  
Please send us your request by visiting our website at [www.recochem.com](http://www.recochem.com).

Ingredients present (intentionally added ingredients) at a concentration of greater than one percent (1%) shall be listed in descending order of predominance. Ingredients present at a concentration of not more than one percent shall be listed but may be disclosed without respect to order of predominance.

### Disclaimer

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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ACGIH TLV:

Code:

ACGIH

Code:

EPA Rpt Qty:

STEL:

DOT Rpt

Qty:

Ozone Depleting Chemical:

=====  
**Health Hazards Information**  
=====

LD50 LC50 Mixture NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Route Of Entry Inds -YES

Skin:NO

Ingestion:YES

Inhalation:

Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP:NO

IARC:NO

OSHA:NO

**Health Hazards Acute And Chronic**

NONE KNOWN.

**Explanation Of Carcinogenicity**

NOT RELEVANT.

**Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure**

NONE KNOWN.

**First Aid**

EYES: FLUSH W/LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR A MINIMUM OF 15 MINUTES.  
CONTACT MD. SKIN: WASH W/SOAP & WATER. INHAL: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR.  
CONTACT MD IMMEDIATELY. INGEST: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CONTACT MD OR  
REGIONAL POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY.

**Spill Release Procedures**

SCRAPE UP DRIED MATERIAL AND PLACE INTO CONTAINERS.

**Neutralizing Agent**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Waste Disposal Methods**

THIS PRODUCT IS NON-HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO U.S. EPA'S HAZARDOUS  
WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. DISPOSAL MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS (FP N).

**Handling And Storage Precautions**

STORE AWAY FROM CAUSTICS/OXIDIZERS. KEEP CONTRS TIGHTLY CLOSED  
WHEN NOT IN USE. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. KEEP CONTRS FROM  
EXCESSIVE HEAT/FRZG.

**Other Precautions**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

=====  
**Fire and Explosion Hazard Information**  
=====

Flash Point Method: CC

Flash Point:  
Autoignition Temp:

Flash Point Text: NONE  
Autoignition Temp N/A  
Text:

Lower Limits: N/A

Upper Limits: N/A

**Extinguishing Media**

FOAM, WATER, DRY CHEMICALS.

**Fire Fighting Procedures**

WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA & FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N). USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL EXPOSED SURFACES.

**Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard**

NONE KNOWN.

=====  
**Control Measures**  
=====

**Respiratory Protection**

NONE REQUIRED. IN ABSENCE OF NORMAL ROOM VENTILATION, USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR APPROPRIATE FOR EXPOSURE OF CONCERN (FP N).

**Ventilation**

NORMAL ROOM VENTILATION.

**Protective Gloves**

IMPERVIOUS GLOVES (FP N).

**Eye Protection**

CHEMICAL WORKERS GOGGLES (FP N).

**Other Protective Equipment**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

**Work Hygienic Practices**

WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE.

**Supplemental Safety and Health**

NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

=====  
**Physical/Chemical Properties**  
=====

HCC:

NRC/State LIC No:

Net Prop WT For Ammo:

Boiling Point:

B.P. Text: N/A

Melt/Freeze Pt:

M.P/F.P Text: N/K

Decomp Temp:

Decomp Text: N/K

Vapor Pres: N/A

Vapor Density: N/A

Volatile Org Content %:

Spec Gravity: 1.62 (H<sup>2</sup>O=1)

VOC Pounds/Gallon:

PH: N/K





**Information:**